

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____



LESSON OVERVIEW

In the Street Smart video, Lila nearly rear-ends a semi-truck because she didn't know she was in its _____.

This lesson covers No-Zone awareness, extended stopping distances, safe merging around large commercial vehicles, multi-modal intersections and adverse weather driving.

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

KEY VOCABULARY

NO-ZONE: _____

THREE-SECOND FOLLOWING DISTANCE: _____

MERGING CLEARANCE RULE: _____

STOPPING DISTANCE (COMMERCIAL): _____

OVERDRIVING HEADLIGHTS: _____

THE NO-ZONES

- Semi-trucks have no _____. They rely entirely on _____
- **REAR NO-ZONE:** if you can't see the driver's face in their side mirror, they can't see you.
Give _____ seconds of following distance
- **SIDE NO-ZONES:** never drive directly alongside a large commercial vehicle — even briefly in the side No-Zone is too long
- **FRONT NO-ZONE:** never cut in front and slow down. Merging rule — allow _____ car length for every 10 mph you're traveling before cutting in front

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

STOPPING DISTANCE & PASSING

- At 60 mph, merging in front of a semi-truck requires _____ car lengths of clearance
- Car at 65 mph: ~ _____ feet to stop vs. loaded semi at 65 mph: up to _____ feet (_____ % more distance)
- A semi-truck at 65 mph needs the length of _____ football fields to stop completely

MULTI-MODAL INTERSECTIONS

- **MULTI-MODAL INTERSECTION:** check all users — vehicle, cyclist, pedestrian, bus — before _____
- Arkansas' three-foot rule: provide at least _____ feet of clearance when passing any cyclist

NIGHT, RAIN & FOG

- Every reduced-visibility condition demands the same response: _____ speed and _____ following distance
- **NIGHT DRIVING:** use high beams only when no oncoming traffic and when you're not immediately _____ someone
- **RAIN:** use _____ beams in heavy rain to reduce glare
- **FOG:** use _____ beams and fog lights only — high beams reflect back and reduce vision further
- **OVERDRIVING HEADLIGHTS** means driving faster than you can safely stop within the distance you can _____

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- If you can't see the semi-truck driver's face in their mirror, they cannot see you — get out of the _____
- A loaded semi-truck needs up to _____ feet to stop
- Arkansas requires _____ feet of clearance when passing a cyclist
- Merging in front: one car length per _____ mph
- Every reduced-visibility condition: reduce speed and increase _____ distance

REFLECTION

If the semi-truck can't help having No-Zones, whose responsibility is it to stay out of them?
